

Completion /40

Secondary Math 2

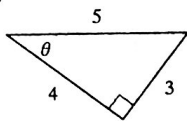
Unit 11 Right Triangle Trig Review

1) Define a trig ratio (look at 11.1).

A ratio (fraction) of two side lengths of a right triangle.

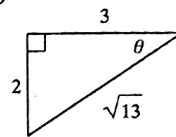
Find the value of the trig function indicated.

3) $\tan \theta$



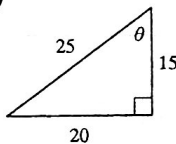
$$\frac{3}{4}$$

4) $\tan \theta$



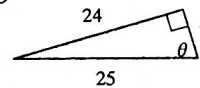
$$\frac{2}{3}$$

5) $\sin \theta$



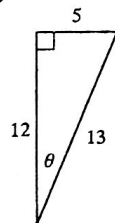
$$\frac{4}{5}$$

6) $\tan \theta$



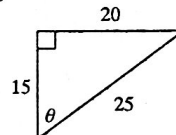
$$\frac{24}{7}$$

7) $\tan \theta$



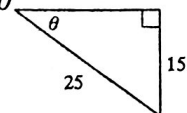
$$\frac{5}{12}$$

8) $\cos \theta$



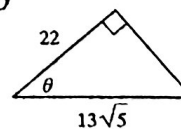
$$\frac{3}{5}$$

9) $\cos \theta$



$$\frac{4}{5}$$

10) $\tan \theta$



$$\frac{19}{22}$$

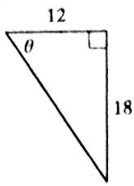
Name Key

Date _____ Period _____

2) When do you use inverse trig?

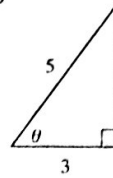
When you want to find a missing angle.

11) $\sin \theta$



$$\frac{3\sqrt{13}}{13}$$

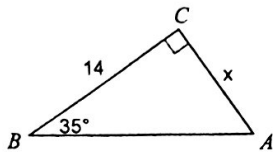
12) $\cos \theta$



$$\frac{3}{5}$$

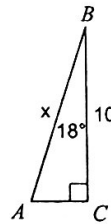
Find the measure of each side indicated. Round to the nearest hundredth.

13)



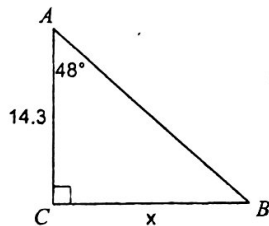
$$9.80$$

14)



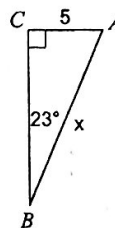
$$10.51$$

15)



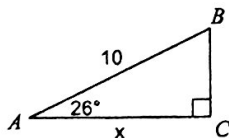
$$9.57$$

16)



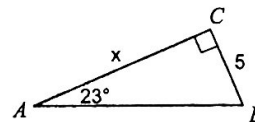
$$12.80$$

17)



$$8.99$$

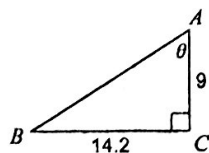
18)



$$11.78$$

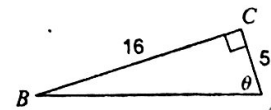
Find the measure of each angle indicated. Round to the nearest hundredth.

19)



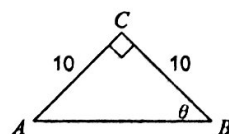
$$57.63^\circ$$

20)



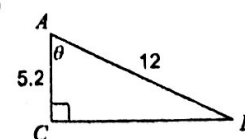
$$72.65^\circ$$

21)



$$45^\circ$$

22)



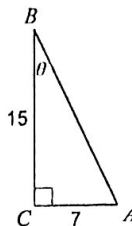
$$64.32^\circ$$

23)



$$66.82^\circ$$

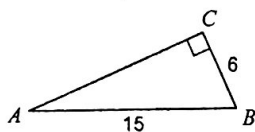
24)



$$25.02^\circ$$

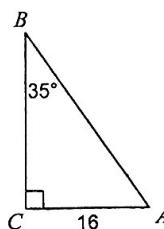
Solve each triangle. Round answers to the nearest hundredth.

25)



$$\begin{aligned} AB &= 15 & m\angle A &= 23.58^\circ \\ BC &= 6 & m\angle B &= 66.42^\circ \\ AC &= 3\sqrt{21} & m\angle C &= 90^\circ \end{aligned}$$

26)



$$\begin{aligned} AB &= 27.90 & m\angle A &= 55^\circ \\ BC &= 22.85 & m\angle B &= 35^\circ \\ AC &= 16 & m\angle C &= 90^\circ \end{aligned}$$

- 27) A nursery plants a new tree and attaches a guy wire to help support the tree while its roots take hold. An eight foot wire is attached to the tree and to a stake in the ground. From the stake in the ground the angle of elevation of the connection with the tree is 42° . Find to the nearest tenth of a foot, the height of the connection point on the tree.

$$5.4 \text{ ft}$$

- 28) From the top of a fire tower, a forest ranger sees his partner on the ground at an angle of depression of 40° . If the tower is 45 feet in height, how far is the partner from the base of the tower, to the nearest tenth of a foot?

$$53.6 \text{ ft}$$

- 29) Find the shadow cast by a 10 foot lamp post when the angle of elevation of the sun is 58° . Find the length to the nearest tenth of a foot.

6.2 ft

- 30) A ladder leans against a brick wall. The foot of the ladder is 6 feet from the wall. The ladder reaches a height of 15 feet on the wall. Find to the nearest degree, the angle the ladder makes with the wall.

68°

Find the sine or cosine that is equivalent to each value.

31) $\sin(58^\circ)$

$\cos(32^\circ)$

32) $\sin(10^\circ)$

$\cos(80^\circ)$

33) $\cos(47^\circ)$

$\sin(43^\circ)$

34) $\cos(55^\circ)$

$\sin(35^\circ)$

Simplify the following trig expressions as much as possible using the basic identities.

35) $\frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\cos^2 x}$

$\frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$

36) $\frac{\sin^2 x}{1 - \cos^2 x}$

1

37) $\frac{\tan^2 x}{1 - \sin^2 x}$ ← change
 $1 - \cos^2 x$

$\frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$

38) $\frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{1 - \sin^2 x}$

$\tan^2 x$

39) $\cos^2 x \tan^2 x$

$\sin^2 x$

40) $\sin x \cdot (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)$

$\sin x$