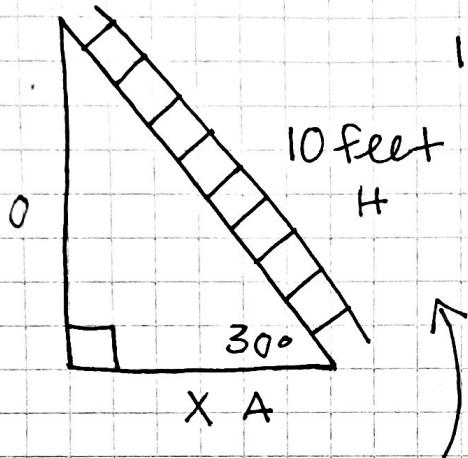


7.2. More on Trig Ratios

- A 10 feet tall ladder is leaning against a wall. The ladder reaches 7 feet tall. How far away if it is angled 30° from the wall, how far away from the wall is the base of the ladder? Round to the nearest hundredth.

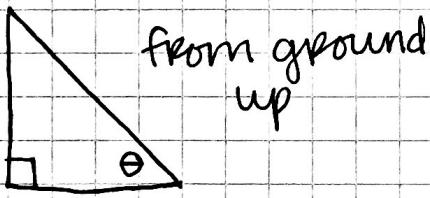


$$10 \cdot \cos 30 = \frac{X}{10} \cdot 10$$

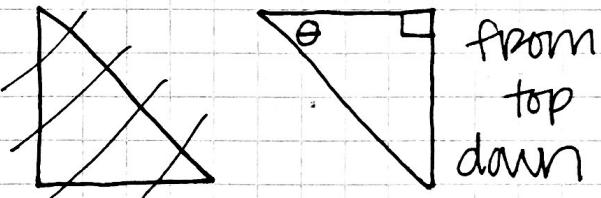
$$10 \cos 30 = 8.66 \text{ feet}$$

Same!

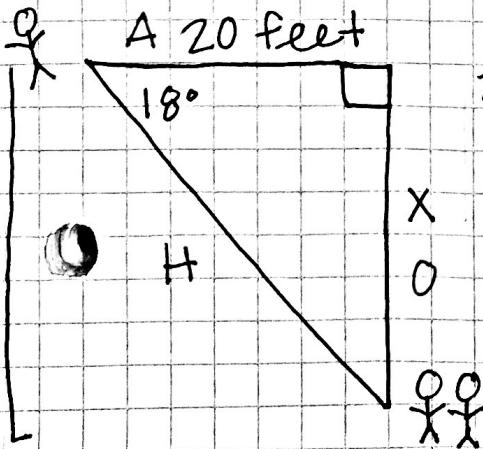
* Angle of Elevation



* Angle of Depression



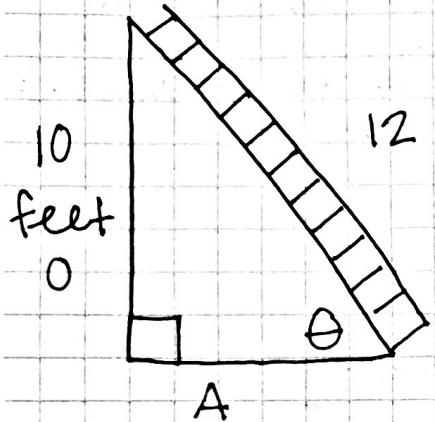
- A mom is looking out of a third story window at her kids playing below. The kids are 20 feet away from the building. If the angle of depression is 18° , how high is the mom?



$$20 \cdot \tan 18 = \frac{X}{20} \cdot 20$$

$$20 \tan 18 = 6.49 \text{ feet}$$

A 12 foot ladder is leaning against a 10 foot wall. What is the angle of elevation between the ladder + the ground?



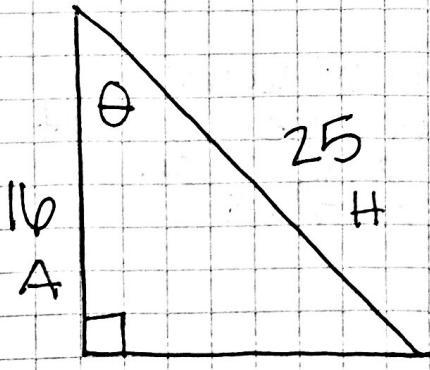
$$\sin^{-1}(\sin \theta) = \left(\frac{10}{12}\right) \sin^{-1} \theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{10}{12}\right) = 56.44^\circ$$

* Finding missing angles
use inverse trig - cancels out trig ratio

$$\theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{O}{H}\right)$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{A}{H}\right)$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{O}{A}\right)$$



$$\cos \theta = \frac{16}{25}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{16}{25}\right)$$

$$\approx 50.21^\circ$$

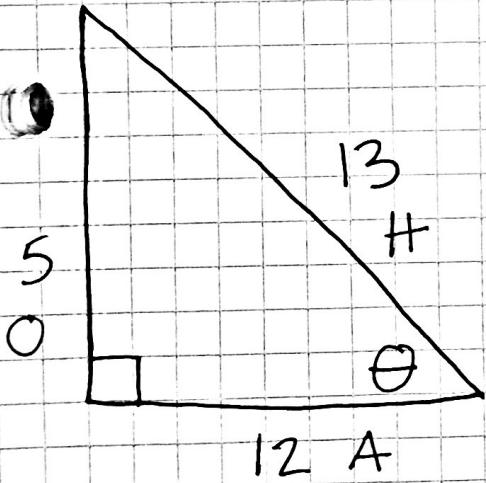
* Reciprocal trig - flips normal trig ratio

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}} \rightarrow \text{cosecant}$$
$$\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\text{hyp}}{\text{opp}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}} \rightarrow \text{secant}$$
$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \frac{\text{hyp}}{\text{adj}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}} \rightarrow \text{cotangent}$$
$$\cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta} \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{opp}}$$

Identify each ratio



$\sin \theta = 5/13$	$\csc \theta = 13/5$
$\cos \theta = 12/13$	$\sec \theta = 13/12$
$\tan \theta = 5/12$	$\cot \theta = 12/5$